**Indications for Use**

The CapsoCam® Plus video capsule system is intended for visualization of the small bowel mucosa in adults. It may be used as a tool in the detection of abnormalities of the small bowel.

**Device Description**

CapsoCam Plus is a single-use, ingestible video capsule that acquires and stores video images in on-board memory while moving through the gastrointestinal tract, propelled by natural peristalsis. The patient retrieves the capsule using the provided retrieval kit, and returns it to the physician who downloads and reviews the images on a computer. The capsule is typically excreted within 3 to 30 hours after swallowing.

**Ratings**

- IP68
- Type BF applied part
- 3.1V DC battery-powered
- 10mA
- Class IIa

**Device Common Name**

System, Imaging, Gastrointestinal, Wireless, Capsule

**Operating Range**

Device operates in vivo. Ex vivo it operates within the following environmental ranges—

- Temperature: 41°-104° F (5°-40° C)
- Humidity: 5% to 95%
- Atmospheric Pressure: 59kPa to 105kPa

**Operating Environment**

The intended use environments for CapsoCam include home, hospital, transport and ambulatory environments

**Contraindications**

The CapsoCam Plus video capsule is contraindicated in patients:

- Who have known or suspected gastrointestinal obstructions, strictures or fistula
- Who are pregnant
- Who have gastroparesis
- Who have a swallowing disorder
Patient Condition
The physician should consider performing a small bowel series before utilizing this device in patients who are suspected to have strictures or fistulas.

Bowel Preparation
Follow the instructions for bowel preparation provided by your doctor.

Adverse Events
Potential adverse events associated with the use of this device may include:
- Obstruction, perforation, and mucosal injury or bleeding.
- Delayed or no excretion of the capsule.
- Aspiration.
- In some instances, intervention is required to remove the capsule.

Cautions
- Ensure that only trained personnel, familiar with all of the CapsoCam Plus Capsule Endoscope System operating procedures use the system.
- The CapsoCam Plus video system may not image the entire small bowel due to variations in patient GI motility and the final diagnosis based on the CapsoCam Plus video software should be made only by physicians who are trained in the interpretation of capsule endoscopy images.
- In a small number of cases, the CapsoCam Plus capsules used for small bowel capsule endoscopy may not image the entire small bowel due to variations in patient GI motility.
- Final diagnosis based on the video images should be made only by physicians who are trained in the interpretation of capsule endoscopy images.
**Benefits**

- The CapsoCam Plus Capsule Endoscopy System provides total freedom during the procedure. All of the diagnostic data is stored on-board the capsule and after the procedure is complete the images are reviewed by a physician.

- The CapsoCam Plus Capsule is a patient-friendly tool for visualization of the GI tract.

- CapsoCam Plus capsule endoscopy offers a simple, safe and non-invasive alternative to traditional imaging procedures. The procedure does not require sedation or radiation. Patients may continue with their normal daily activity during the procedure.

**Risks**

- CapsoCam Plus capsule endoscopy is not for everyone. CapsoCam Plus video capsules are contraindicated in patients with known or suspected gastrointestinal obstruction, strictures or fistulas, patients who are pregnant, patients with gastroparesis and in patients with swallowing disorders.

- Capsule retention has been reported in less than 2% of all capsule endoscopy procedures. Capsule retention is defined as having a capsule remain in the digestive tract for more than 72 hours.

- Causes of capsule retention cited in the literature include: NSAID strictures, Crohn’s disease, small bowel tumors, intestinal adhesions, ulcerations, and radiation enteritis.

- Summaries in published literature identify the risk of capsule retention to be approximately 1.5% for obscure bleeding, 1.4% for suspected Crohn’s disease, 5% for known Crohn’s, and 2.1% for neoplastic lesions. [1], [2].

- All medical procedures carry some risks. Information in this manual should not be used as a substitute for talking with your doctor about diagnosis and treatment.

Preparation for Use

• Inspect the foil seal. Do not use if any break in the foil seal or in the foil itself is observed.

• Prepare a glass or bottle of water. The recommended amount of water is 0.5 liters (~16 fluid ounces).

Directions for Use

1. Open the capsule package by peeling back the foil cover.

2. Using gloves, remove the plastic lid covering the capsule.

3. Grasp the capsule carefully and then pull it out and away from the package. Take care to not drop the capsule on the floor.

4. Within approximately ten seconds of being removed from the magnet, the capsule LEDs will begin blinking in a consistent rhythm of approximately 5 flashes per second, indicating that the capsule has entered capture mode. Because CapsoCam Plus uses auto-illumination to optimize lighting conditions for in vivo images, it is possible that not all capsule LEDs will appear illuminated. If unsure that the capsule has entered capture mode, you may enclose the capsule in your hand to provide a dark environment to confirm that the LEDs are illuminated.

If the capsule has not entered capture mode within 20 seconds after removing the capsule from the package, place the battery-end of the capsule against the magnet in the package and repeat step. If the capsule still fails to enter capture mode, the capsule is malfunctioning and should be replaced.

Once you have confirmed that the capsule has entered capture mode, the capsule is ready to be swallowed.
5. The capsule should be placed inside the mouth of the patient and swallowed with the entire glass of water. The patient should avoid biting the capsule. The capsule should be swallowed within 10 minutes of removing it from the package. If the patient is unable to swallow the capsule within this period, return the capsule to the package with the battery-end of the video capsule touching the magnet inside the package, which returns the capsule to the “OFF” state.

6. The patient may engage in normal daily activities while the capsule moves within the digestive tract. The patient should consult the physician if he or she has questions about engaging in a particular activity.

7. The capsule is typically excreted between 3 and 30 hours after swallowing. Retrieve the capsule by following the Capsule Retrieval Kit Instructions for Use.

---

### Warnings

- **Laser Radiation** — Class 1M Laser
  Do not view directly with optical instruments

- The capsule shall be ingested under the supervision of authorized medical personnel.

- Patients should not have an MRI exam performed until the video capsule has been excreted. Possible patient injury and medical complications could occur.

- Patient should avoid biting the CapsoCam Plus video capsule prior to swallowing.

- If the video capsule is damaged in any way, including by forceful biting, the patient should not swallow the video capsule.

- If the capsule is not excreted after 72 hours, contact your physician.

- Store CapsoCam Plus video capsules in a safe place, out of the reach of children and infants.
• If a child has accidentally swallowed any unused or spent CapsoCam Plus video capsule, seek immediate medical attention.

• Keep package, including embedded magnet, at least 5cm (1.9685 inches) away from pacemakers and other active-implant medical devices.

• Do not modify the capsule without authorization from the manufacturer.

• Patients should not board an aircraft until the video capsule has been excreted.

• CapsoCam Plus needs special precautions regarding EMC and needs to be utilized according to the EMC information provided in this manual.

• Portable and mobile RF communications equipment can affect CapsoCam Plus.

• The use of accessories, transducers and cables other than those specified by CapsoVision, Inc. may result in increased EMISSIONS or decreased IMMUNITY of the CapsoCam Plus.

• This CapsoCam Plus should not be used adjacent to or stacked with other equipment and that if adjacent or stacked use is necessary, the CapsoCam Plus should be observed to verify normal operation in the configuration in which it will be used.

• A negative or normal result obtained by the CapsoCam Plus capsule does not exclude the presence of pathology and if symptoms persist, further evaluation should be performed.

• If intestinal fistulas, strictures, or stenoses are suspected, or the patient has had prior abdominal or pelvic surgery, the physician should consider performing a procedure to ascertain patency for an object the size of the CapsoCam Plus capsule.

• After ingesting the CapsoCam Plus capsule and until it is excreted, the patient should not be near any source of powerful electromagnetic fields such as one created near an MRI device.
• Patient must contact the physician immediately if, after ingesting CapsoCam Plus capsules, they experience any abdominal pain, nausea, or vomiting.

• The CapsoCam Plus capsule should not be administered to patients below eighteen (18) years of age.

• Thorough understanding of the technical principles, clinical applications and risks associated with the CapsoCam Capsule Endoscopy System is necessary before using this product. Read the entire manual before using the system for the first time.

• To prevent the patient from being exposed to unforeseen risks during passage of CapsoCam Plus video capsule, make sure the patient thoroughly understands the procedure, and provide the patient with a copy of the Patient Instructions.

• In patients with suspected strictures of the GI tract, any CapsoCam Plus video capsule can potentially cause intestinal obstruction resulting in the need for hospitalization and surgery.

• Do not use CapsoCam Plus after its expiration date.

• When swallowing the capsule, there is a possibility of choking on the capsule. Clinical signs of choking including labored breathing, wheezing, involuntary coughing, etc..

**Storage**

Store the CapsoCam Plus video capsule under normal indoor environmental conditions. Do not remove the CapsoCam Plus video capsule from the packaging until just prior to use.
Cleaning
Retrieved capsules should be handled with gloves and cleaned and disinfected as follows:

1. Clean the capsule using ENZOL® Enzymatic Cleaner or equivalent, according to the manufacturer’s instructions, thoroughly rubbing the capsule with a soft bristle brush (paying special attention to the dimple at the bottom of the capsule) as necessary to remove all debris.

2. Disinfect the capsule using Revital-Ox™ Resert® High Level Disinfectant or equivalent and rinse thoroughly, according to the manufacturer’s instructions.

3. Dry capsule completely.

Data Download at Clinic
Prior to downloading data from the used capsule, it must be cleaned, disinfected, and dried. See the CapsoAccess CDAS2/3 Instructions for Use for data download instructions.

Disposal
Dispose of capsule and packaging as per local ordinances.

Warranty:
CapsoVision warrants that this capsule is free from defects in both materials and workmanship. Suitability for use of the capsule functionality for any procedure shall be determined by the user. CapsoVision shall not be liable for incidental or consequential damages of any kind. The above warranties are in lieu of all other warranties, either expressed or implied, including any warranty of any merchantability or fitness for use.

Applicable Standards
ANSI/AAMI 60601-1
IEC 60601-1-2
EN ISO-10993
Accuracy of the Device
A clinical study evaluated the performance of the CapsoVision CapsoCam SV-1 compared with the Given Imaging PillCam® SB2 in 121 subjects (age 18 & 85) at 7 Investigational Sites. Downloaded capsule images from both capsule endoscopes were forwarded to independent readers, who were blinded to the subject clinical information or suspected diagnosis. Each set of images, for both capsules, were assessed by a group of three (3) independent readers. Readers reported their findings (Normal, Abnormal, and if Abnormal, the most clinically significant Primary Diagnosis) in the appropriate Clinical Report Forms. If any of the three (3) readers in the group disagreed with the Primary Diagnosis, or complete exam (identified as a capsule that reaches the cecum while still recording), the findings were discussed by members of the group until a 2/3 majority or consensus agreement for Primary Diagnosis was reached.

The performance of the CapsoVision CapsoCam SV-1 was evaluated based on the Positive Percent Agreement (PPA) and Negative Percent Agreement (NPA) using the 2 of 3 readers. The PPA was estimated to be 69.05% with lower and upper 95% confidence limits of 53.97% and 80.93%, respectively. The NPA was estimated to be 81.94% with lower and upper 95% confidence limits of 71.52% and 89.13%, respectively.

CapsoCam Plus performs in the same manner as CapsoCam SV-1.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>CapsoCam®</th>
<th>PillCam®</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Abnormal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Abnormal</td>
<td>29</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Normal</td>
<td>13</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Totals</td>
<td>42</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Concordance (95% CI) 77.19 (68.68, 83.93)
Positive Agreement (95% CI) 69.05 (53.97, 80.93)
Negative Agreement (95% CI) 81.94 (71.52, 89.13)
McNemar’s Test of Agreement p-value 1.0000
Kappa Statistic 0.5099

The Co-Primary endpoint of the study was to compare the percent of CapsoCam® SV-1 completed exams to the PillCam® SB2 in subjects with suspected SB disease. Completed exams were defined as capsules, which reach the cecum while the capsule continues recording images. Battery life was to be referenced by video capture time. The number of completed CapsoCam® SV-1 videos to be compared to the number of completed PillCam® SB2 videos and a percentage calculated. The difference in proportion of completed exams was calculated and a 95% confidence interval for correlated proportions was calculated. Non-inferiority was established if the lower confidence limit did not exceed -15%.

The co-primary endpoint was met with a lower two sided 95% confidence limit of -0.028%.
### Summary and analysis of capsules that reach the cecum (PP Population)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>PillCam®</th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>“Reach the cecum” n (%)</td>
<td>“Did not reach the cecum” n (%)</td>
<td>Total n (%)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CapsoCam®</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>“Reach the cecum” n (%)</td>
<td>109 (95.6)</td>
<td>3 (2.6)</td>
<td>112 (98.2)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>“Did not reach the cecum” n (%)</td>
<td>1 (0.9)</td>
<td>1 (0.9)</td>
<td>2 (1.8)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total n (%)</td>
<td>110 (96.5)</td>
<td>4 (3.5)</td>
<td>114 (100.0)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Difference in Proportions of “Reach the cecum” between CapsoCam® and PillCam® 0.018
95% two-sided confidence interval for the difference -0.028, 0.069

NOTE 1 If at least one reader observed the capsule reaching the cecum, the exam would be considered completed.
NOTE 2 The Newcombe–Wilson score method 10 was used to compute the 95% CI for correlated proportions.
In order for the non-inferiority to be established, the lower limit of the 95% CI for the difference of the proportions between the CapsoCam® and PillCam® will have to be greater than -15%

The Secondary endpoint of the study was assessment of the proportion of primary diagnostic yields (normal, vascular lesions, ulcerative lesions, mass/polyp, blood or other) of CapsoCam® SV-1 and PillCam® SB2 in subjects with suspected SB disease based on the result of 2 out of 3 readers in agreement or the consensus group result. Both positive percent agreement (PPA) and negative percent agreement (NPA) were calculated as supportive measures. The table below demonstrates the concordance rate of normal and abnormal, clinically significant primary diagnoses.
## Concordance of Primary Diagnosis by Capsule (Per-Protocol Population) - Majority Agreement

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>PillCam®</th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Normal</td>
<td>Vascular</td>
<td>Mass/Polyp</td>
<td>Blood</td>
<td>Ulcerative</td>
<td>Other</td>
<td>Totals</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Normal</td>
<td>57</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>71</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vascular</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>14</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>24</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mass/Polyp</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Blood</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ulcerative</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>9</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Totals</strong></td>
<td><strong>70</strong></td>
<td><strong>21</strong></td>
<td><strong>4</strong></td>
<td><strong>3</strong></td>
<td><strong>14</strong></td>
<td><strong>2</strong></td>
<td><strong>114</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **Negative Agreement (95% CI)**: [57/70] 81.43% (70.77, 88.81)
- **Vascular Positive Agreement (95% CI)**: [14/21] 66.67% (45.37, 82.81)
- **Mass/Polyp Positive Agreement (95% CI)**: [0/4] 0.00% (0.00, 48.99)
- **Blood Positive Agreement (95% CI)**: [1/3] 33.33% (6.15, 79.23)
- **Ulcerative Positive Agreement (95% CI)**: [9/14] 64.29% (38.76, 83.66)
- **Other Positive Agreement (95% CI)**: [1/2] 50.00% (9.45, 90.55)

**NOTE 1** All confidence intervals are exact based on the Wilson Score Method.
**NOTE 2** Concordance is based on 2 reader agreement or consensus group result.
Essential Performance:
Data integrity during image capture & download and single-use are considered to be the essential performance of the CapsoCam Plus capsule.

Federal Communication Commission (FCC) Compliance
The CAPSOVISION system (CapsoCam Plus) complies with Part 15 of the United States FCC rules and with international standards for electromagnetic compatibility regarding its use.
**Guidance and manufacturer's declaration – electromagnetic emissions**

The CapsoCam Plus is intended for use in the electromagnetic environment specified below. The customer or the user of the CapsoCam Plus should assure that it is used in such an environment.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Emissions Test</th>
<th>Compliance</th>
<th>Electromagnetic environment – guidance</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>RF emissions CISPR 11</td>
<td>Group 1</td>
<td>The CapsoCam Plus uses RF energy only for its internal function. Therefore, its RF emissions are very low and are not likely to cause any interference in nearby electronic equipment.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RF emissions CISPR 11</td>
<td>Class B</td>
<td>The CapsoCam Plus is suitable for use in all establishments, including domestic establishments and those directly connected to the public low voltage power supply network that supplies buildings used for domestic purposes.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Guidance and manufacturer's declaration – electromagnetic immunity**

The CapsoCam Plus is intended for use in the electromagnetic environment specified below. The customer or the user of the CapsoCam Plus should assure that it is used in such an environment.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Immunity Test</th>
<th>IEC 60601 test level</th>
<th>Compliance level</th>
<th>Electromagnetic environment – guidance</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Electrostatic discharge (ESD) IEC 61000-4-2</td>
<td>±8 kV contact ±15 kV air</td>
<td>±8 kV contact ±15 kV air</td>
<td>Floors should be wood, concrete or ceramic tile. If floors are covered with synthetic material, the relative humidity should be at least 30%.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(50/60 Hz) magnetic field IEC 61000-4-8</td>
<td>30 A/m</td>
<td>30 A/m</td>
<td>Power frequency magnetic fields should be at levels characteristic of a typical location in a typical domestic, commercial or hospital environment.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Guidance and manufacturer’s declaration – electromagnetic immunity

The CapsoCam Plus is intended for use in the electromagnetic environment specified below. The customer or the user of the CapsoCam Plus should assure that it is used in such an environment.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Immunity test</th>
<th>IEC 60601 Test Level</th>
<th>Compliance level</th>
<th>Electromagnetic environment – guidance</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Conducted RF</td>
<td>3 Vrms 150 kHz to 80 MHz</td>
<td>Not Applicable</td>
<td>Portable and mobile RF communications equipment should be used no closer to any part of the EQUIPMENT, including cables, than the recommended separation distance calculated from the equation applicable to the frequency of the transmitter.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Radiated RF</td>
<td>10 V/m 80 MHz to 2.7 GHz</td>
<td>20 V/m</td>
<td>Recommended separation distance</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IEC 61000-4-3</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>d = 0.18√P 80 MHz to 800 MHz</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>d = 0.35√P 800 MHz to 2.5 GHz</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>where P is the maximum output power rating of the transmitter in watts (W) according to the transmitter manufacturer and d is the recommended separation distance in meters (m).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Field strengths from fixed RF transmitters, as determined by an electromagnetic site survey a, should be less than the compliance level in each frequency range. b</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*(Table 3)*
Interference may occur in the vicinity of equipment marked with the following symbol:

| NOTE 1 | At 80 MHz and 800 MHz, the higher frequency range applies.
| NOTE 2 | These guidelines may not apply in all situations. Electromagnetic propagation is affected by absorption and reflection from structures, objects and people.

a  Field strengths from fixed transmitters, such as base stations for radio (cellular/cordless) telephones and land mobile radios, amateur radio, AM and FM radio broadcast and TV broadcast cannot be predicted theoretically with accuracy. To assess the electromagnetic environment due to fixed RF transmitters, an electromagnetic site survey should be considered. If the measured field strength in the location in which the CapsoCam Plus is used exceeds the applicable RF compliance level above, the CapsoCam Plus should be observed to verify normal operation. If abnormal performance is observed, additional measures may be necessary, such as re-orienting or relocating the CapsoCam Plus.

b  Over the frequency range 150 kHz to 80 MHz, field strengths should be less than 3 V/m.
The CapsoCam Plus is intended for use in an electromagnetic environment in which radiated RF disturbances are controlled. The customer or the user of the CapsoCam Plus can help prevent electromagnetic interference by maintaining a minimum distance between portable and mobile RF communications equipment (transmitters) and the CapsoCam Plus as recommended below, according to the maximum output power of the communications equipment.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Rated Maximum output power of transmitter</th>
<th>Separation distance according to frequency of transmitter</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>W</td>
<td>m</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>80 MHz to 800 MHz</td>
<td>800 MHz to 2.5 GHz</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(d = 0.18\sqrt{P})</td>
<td>(d = 0.35\sqrt{P})</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0.01</td>
<td>0.02</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>0.04</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0.1</td>
<td>0.06</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>0.11</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>0.18</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>0.35</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>0.57</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>1.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>100</td>
<td>1.8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>3.5</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

For transmitters rated at a maximum output power not listed above, the recommended separation distance \((d)\) in meters \((m)\) can be estimated using the equation applicable to the frequency of the transmitter, where \((P)\) is the maximum output power rating of the transmitter in watts \((W)\) according to the transmitter manufacturer.

**NOTE 1** At 80 MHz and 800 MHz, the separation distance for the higher frequency range applies.

**NOTE 2** These guidelines may not apply in all situations. Electromagnetic propagation is affected by absorption and reflection from structures, objects and people.
Caution!
Federal law restricts this device to sale by or on the order of a physician. If you have any questions please contact CapsoVision Customer Care at (408) 624-1488.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Symbol</th>
<th>Meaning</th>
<th>Symbol</th>
<th>Meaning</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>REF</td>
<td>Manufacturer’s catalogue number</td>
<td>☢</td>
<td>Do not reuse this product</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>!</td>
<td>Caution: Consult accompanying documents</td>
<td>EC</td>
<td>Contact/European representative of manufacturer</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CE</td>
<td>Product meets European standards for safety and quality</td>
<td>☲</td>
<td>Use by date (with accompanying date)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>📖</td>
<td>Instructions are included and must be read</td>
<td>SN</td>
<td>Item serial number (with accompanying number)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>🚧</td>
<td>Special disposal for electronic waste required</td>
<td>☢</td>
<td>Manufacturer</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RX</td>
<td>Prescription use only</td>
<td>☢</td>
<td>Laser Radiation–Class 1M Laser Product  Do not view directly with optical instruments</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LOT</td>
<td>Item Lot Number (with accompanying number)</td>
<td>☳</td>
<td>Type BF applied part</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>📇</td>
<td>Temperature Limitation</td>
<td>☳</td>
<td>MR unsafe</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>📇</td>
<td>Date of manufacture</td>
<td>QTY</td>
<td>Quantity</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Manufacturer**
CapsoVision, Inc.
18805 Cox Ave, Suite 250
Saratoga, CA 95070 USA
Tel: +1 408 624 1488
Email: info@capsovision.com

**European Authorized Representative**
Dr. Hans-Joachim Lau
Airport Center (Building C)
Flughafenstraße 52a
22335 Hamburg, Germany
Fax: +49 40 53299 100

**Conformity Assessment Body**
TÜV Rheinland LGA Products GmbH
90431 Nuremberg, Germany